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2	UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT	
3	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
4	Case No. 12-12020-mg	
5	x	
6	In the Matter of:	
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8	RESIDENTIAL CAPITAL, LLC, et al.,	
9		
10	Debtors.	
11		
12	x	
13		
14	United States Bankruptcy Court	
15	One Bowling Green	
16	New York, New York	
17		
18	January 21, 2016	
19	10:04 AM	
20		
21	BEFORE:	
22	HON. MARTIN GLENN	
23	U.S. BANKRUPTCY JUDGE	
24		
25		
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    (CC: Doc# 9296) ResCap Borrower Claims Trust's Ninetieth
    Omnibus Objection to Claims ((I) No Liability Borrower Claims,
 3
    (II) Reduce and Allow Borrower Claims, and (III) Allowed in
 4
 5
    Full Borrower Claim).
    Going Foward as to Claim(s) Filed by Mary R. Biancavilla and
 6
 7
    Thomas G. and Catherine D. Cooper.
 8
 9
    (CC: Doc# 9402, 9492) ResCap Borrower Claims Trust's Objection
10
    to Proof of Claim No. 3695 Filed on Behalf of Rosalind
11
    Alexander-Kasparik.
12
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PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: Please be seated. All right, we're here in Residential Capital, 12-12020. Mr. Wishnew?

MR. WISHNEW: Good morning, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Good morning.

MR. WISHNEW: Jordan Wishnew, Morrison & Foerster for the ResCap Borrower Claims Trust. Your Honor, the first matter --

THE COURT: Could you bear with me. I left one thing on my desk.

MR. WISHNEW: Absolutely.

THE COURT: Okay, thank you.

MR. WISHNEW: Jordan Wishnew, Morrison & Foerster, for the ResCap Borrower Claims Trust. Your Honor, two matters that were scheduled for today have been resolved. Those are identified under section 2 of today's agenda. So the first matter going forward is under section 3 on page 4, two claims carried over from the earlier hearing on the ResCap Borrower Claims Trust's ninetieth omnibus claims objection. The two claims deal with those of Thomas and Catherine Cooper, claim number 6720, and Mary Biancavilla. I believe Ms. Biancavilla is on the phone today.

THE COURT: Ms. Biancavilla, are you on the phone?

MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yes, I am, Your Honor. Good

morning.

RESIDENTIAL CAPITAL, LLC, ET AL.

1	THE COURT: Thank you. Good morning to you.
2	MR. WISHNEW: I'm going to take the
3	MS. BIANCAVILLA: Thank you.
4	MR. WISHNEW: Cooper claim first, and then I'll go
5	to Ms. Biancavilla's claim.
6	THE COURT: Okay. Is anyone on the phone for Cooper?
7	Just bear with me a second, Mr. Wishnew.
8	Your basic argument on Cooper is that it's time
9	barred, statute of limitations.
10	MR. WISHNEW: Correct. In addition, also waiver, Your
11	Honor.
12	THE COURT: Right. And just lay out for me the
13	statute of limitations.
14	MR. WISHNEW: Your Honor, the statute of limitations
15	for breach of contract in New Hampshire is three years. The
16	alleged attempt to close the HELOC was in May of 2005. So any
17	claim for breach of contract would have expired in May 2008,
18	four years before the petition date.
19	THE COURT: Okay, all right. I'm going to take it
20	under submission.
21	MR. WISHNEW: Thank you, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. WISHNEW: Your Honor, that brings us to Ms.
24	Biancavilla's claim. This is a claim in which the Borrower
25	Trust seeks to reduce and allow the claim in a modified amount

1 against GMAC Mortgage.

Briefly, the background of this claim is that Ms.

Biancavilla sought a loan modification from the debtors. A

loan modification was given, however the problem was that -- or
the mistake made by the debtors was that --

THE COURT: Two mistakes.

MR. WISHNEW: Well, two mistakes -- was that they offered her a HAMP trial plan. She completed the HAMP trial plan and then when the loan was reviewed for -- to be put into a permanent plan, they recognized that she couldn't qualify under HAMP, and so offered her a traditional --

THE COURT: She couldn't qualify under HAMP according to the letter, because her income was insufficient.

MR. WISHNEW: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So instead, you offered her a more expensive loan modification.

MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor. And so what we were trying to do is make her whole by offering her the difference in payment for what we are saying would have been the HAMP terms versus the terms she was actually offered. And we calculate that -- originally in our objection we had quantified the claim as approximately 24,000 dollars and change. Upon further review, and as recognized in our reply, we would suggest the claim is actually \$29,840.32.

THE COURT: Let me focus on that, okay?

1 MR. WISHNEW: Sure.

THE COURT: And then I'll obviously give Ms.

Biancavilla a chance to respond. So your reply, which is ECF

9510, in paragraph 26 on page 10 --

MR. WISHNEW: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And Ms. Biancavilla, I don't know whether you have it so I'll read it so you know what I'm talking about, okay?

MS. BIANCAVILLA: I appreciate that, thank you.

THE COURT: So it says, "The respondent's calculation," referring to Ms. Biancavilla, "is also flawed, because she uses the monthly payment under the trial HAMP modification as the amount that her monthly principal and interest payment would have been under a permanent HAMP modification. However, this assumes that the respondent's interest rate under a permanent HAMP modification would have been fixed at 0.6377 percent. However, as stated in paragraph 17 supra, given that the permanent traditional modification executed by the respondent included a step-rate interest rate, a permanent HAMP modification more likely than not would have also included a step-rate interest rate."

So that's the argument that you make. And then you include -- that gets you to your -- you do a comparison of what the difference in payments would be.

MR. WISHNEW: That's right.

1 THE COURT: So when I look at -- just bear with me 2 now. 3 So Exhibit F to the reply --4 MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum. THE COURT: -- includes the trial plan that Ms. 5 6 Biancavilla countersigned. 7 MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. And so in paragraph 2, it says what 8 9 the amount of the initial trial payments would be: \$679.83. 10 MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum. THE COURT: And below those three payments it says, 11 12 "The trial period payment is an estimate of the payment that 13 will be required under the modified loan terms, which will be finalized in accordance with section 3 below." 14 So section 3 is on page 4 of 4 of this exhibit. 15 16 MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum. 17 THE COURT: And it's called -- that section is headed "The Modification". And there's nothing here about a step-rate 18 19 increase. So what my question really is, is the assumption that you've made in paragraph 26 and was the basis for your 20 21 calculation of the differential, you acknowledge this assumes 22 that respondent's interest rate under the permanent HAMP 23 modification would have been fixed, however as stated, given 24 that the permanent traditional modification executed by the 25 respondent included a step-rate increase, you went ahead and

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applied a -- you assumed -- and you had to -- how you got the
 1
 2
    numbers, I'm not quite sure, but you assumed a step-rate
    increase. What is it that supports -- other than your
 3
 4
    assumption, which is unsupported by evidence, what is it that
 5
    would support your view that there's a -- does a HAMP
 6
    modification -- do you have some evidentiary support that HAMP
 7
    modifications have step-rate increases?
             MR. WISHNEW: We would rely upon, Your Honor, the
 8
 9
    statements made in the supplemental declaration set forth in
10
    footnote 7 --
11
             THE COURT: Let me look at it. Hold on.
12
             MR. WISHNEW: Sure.
13
             THE COURT: What page?
14
             MR. WISHNEW: Page 6 --
15
             THE COURT: Okay.
             MR. WISHNEW: -- of docket number 9510, footnote 7,
16
17
    the -- I'll read it as stated: "The HAMP program permitted
    step-rate modifications, and since the initial interest rate is
18
19
    already lower than what would have been permitted by HAMP, the
20
    Borrower Trust felt this assumption was appropriate," and we
21
    incorporate Ms. Lathrop's declaration where she makes that
22
    statement.
23
             THE COURT: Sure. So show me again -- here's the
24
    point. Footnote 7 is on the sentence, "The permanent
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traditional modification provided the respondent with a step-

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rate mortgage." Yes, I agree, it did. Okay. And then the
 1
 2
    footnote talks about the step-rate increase on the permanent
    modification. Okay?
 3
 4
             But my question to you is, where's the evidence that
    on a HAMP modification, that a step-rate increase would apply?
 5
 6
    I don't see any evidence -- I searched through this and I
 7
    didn't find any evidence. I may have missed it.
             MR. WISHNEW: Sure.
 8
 9
             THE COURT: You make an assumption --
10
             MR. WISHNEW: Yeah.
             THE COURT: -- but I don't see any evidence.
11
12
             MR. WISHNEW: So I'll also reference Your Honor to
13
    Exhibit K to, I believe, the supplemental declaration.
14
             THE COURT: Sure.
             MR. WISHNEW: Docket number 9510-12 --
15
16
             THE COURT: Yes.
17
             MR. WISHNEW: -- page 9.
             THE COURT: Let me get there, hold on. Page 9 of 39
18
    or page 9 of the --
19
             MR. WISHNEW: Oh, I apologize. Page 10 of 39, Your
20
21
    Honor. That's page 9 in the bottom right-hand corner.
22
             THE COURT: Okay. Yes, what are you pointing to?
23
             MR. WISHNEW: Okay. So in the middle of the page,
24
    Step 2, it says: "Reduce the interest rate". And I'll go --
25
    I'll start at the second paragraph which starts, "Reducing the
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starting interest rate in increments of .125 percent to get as 1 2 close as possible to the target monthly mortgage payment ratio. The interest rate floor in all cases is 2 percent." 3 4 And then subpoint, "If the resulting rate is below the Interest Rate Cap, this reduced rate will be in effect for the 5 6 first five years followed by annual increases of one percent 7 per year (or such lesser amount as may be needed) until the interest rate reaches the Interest Rate Cap, at which time it 8 will be fixed for the remaining loan term." 9 10 So Your Honor, I would suggest that the approach taken in the chart on paragraph 17 of our reply is consistent with 11 12 the rate being in effect for the first five years and then 13 stepping up one percent thereafter. 14 THE COURT: And what's the interest rate cap? 15 MR. WISHNEW: The interest rate cap, Your Honor --16 THE COURT: It says it's the Freddie -- I'm looking --17 MR. WISHNEW: The Freddie Mac --THE COURT: -- the last paragraph under "Step 2". 18 MR. WISHNEW: Right. The interest rate cap --19 THE COURT: The rate for thirty-year fixed rate 20 21 conforming loans --22 MR. WISHNEW: Rounded to the nearest eighth percent as 23 of the date the agreement is prepared. 24 THE COURT: And what would have been the interest rate

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cap for a HAMP modification for Ms. Biancavilla at the date

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that she entered into the trial plan?
 1
 2
             MR. WISHNEW: I'm not certain, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: I'm going to ask a question that
 3
 4
    doesn't -- I want to make clear, it's not a suggestion that
    that would be the ultimate outcome if this matter is resolved
 5
 6
    by the Court. But can you tell me if -- what the differential
 7
    would be for Ms. Biancavilla between the rates in the permanent
    modification that was approved and a HAMP modification, if it
 8
    remained fixed as it was at the start, and you didn't step up?
 9
10
             MR. WISHNEW: Well, I guess the answer would be the
    difference between 5 percent and 0.6377, Your Honor. I'm
11
12
    referring to paragraph --
13
             THE COURT: Look, let me -- what I'm concerned -- I
14
    understand that you endeavored to settle the matter and you've
15
    been unsuccessful.
16
             MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor.
17
             THE COURT: Okay. And I don't impose settlements.
    Settlements have to be consensual.
18
19
             MR. WISHNEW: Yep.
20
             THE COURT: It seems to me that solely on the issue of
21
    damages, because the Trust for purposes of this claim, whether
22
    it would be -- whether it had to or not, the Trust has conceded
23
    liability for breach of contract.
24
             MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor.
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THE COURT: You agree with that?

1	MR. WISHNEW: I do, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Okay. So the issue is, what are Ms.
3	Biancavilla's recoverable damages?
4	MR. WISHNEW: Yeah.
5	THE COURT: And there're disputed issues as to that.
6	And it may be necessary, therefore, if the matter is not
7	resolved consensually, for the Court to go forward, I think,
8	with a very short trial, on the issue of damages alone.
9	MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum.
10	THE COURT: And it may be that you have the much more
11	persuasive side. I'm not and that isn't a comment that you
12	do. You may or Ms. Biancavilla may. Okay?
13	I think without deciding the point, I think one of the
14	points you argue is that the only recoverable damages deal with
15	the differential in monthly payments for principal and interest
16	that the escrow obligations because Ms. Biancavilla had
17	included the escrow payments
18	MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: in her calculation.
20	MR. WISHNEW: Yes.
21	THE COURT: And I'll give you a chance to talk to
22	this, Ms. Biancavilla. And I'm not deciding anything today,
23	but
24	MS. BIANCAVILLA: Thank you.
25	THE COURT: but it seems to me, the Trust has the

better side of the argument that what -- because this comes up quite often. They have no control over what your taxes and insurance premiums are.

MS. BIANCAVILLA: Sure, um-hum.

THE COURT: And so that's got to come out of your calculation.

MS. BIANCAVILLA: Right.

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THE COURT: To me, the issue is what's the appropriate -- the recoverable damages are most likely going to be the differential between what you would have paid if a HAMP modification had been approved -- you made -- you signed the agreement, they signed the agreement for the trial plan. You successfully made the three trial payments. And for purposes of this proceeding, the Trust agrees you should have been given that permanent modification. It may have been a mistake, whatever, but they agree for purposes of this proceeding -they might not in another matter -- but for purposes of this proceeding, they're agreeing they should have done it. They didn't. Your recoverable damages -- and I think you essentially argue the same thing -- is how much more you had to pay under the permanent traditional modification that was approved. And so that really the dispute is how you calculate it.

MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yes.

THE COURT: But let me give you a chance to address

whatever you want to -- whatever you want to talk about. Go ahead.

MS. BIANCAVILLA: Okay. So just to that point, and then I want to back up a little bit, my understanding from the telephone reps -- and the unfortunate part of this process was that most of the information that was given wasn't actually by way of documentation that was intelligible or to the points that you're requesting information on the phone. There was a great deal of confusion in this entire process to include the reason I originally called was only to get information about the loans that were being offered by this new administration, because there was an awful lot of to-do about all these foreclosures were happening, and it seemed like it might be a national catastrophe.

And I knew that I had a mortgage that I was going to be doing something about in the upcoming years, and I knew that, you know, the economy was getting tight, and that it was a place for me to, you know, pick up the phone, make a phone call, see what kind of products were being offered.

By where I was looking for a fixed rate loan, because when you're trying to manage a situation with a limited budget, you must keep your budget in mind. And so the amount of payments you're going to, you know, be making every month on a mortgage is the most important thing, and then you look at the interest rate and see, when you're shopping a mortgage, if you

can buy down points in order to bring it even, you know, better within your budget.

So to my surprise, the people on the phone told me that there was no way they could give me any information about any of the programs that were being set forth, that it was going to be based entirely on my financials. And I said, well, that's odd. Usually you don't, you know, take the financials until after the person decides on a product. And they said well, there's a number of different products being developed, and so we don't know.

And I thought it was odd, and I thought well, okay, this administration is new and so maybe they were still developing some of these things. So but I made it clear to all, and I believe the reason that this documentation has not been put forth in this very large package from the counsel for ResCap that it's not included, my original application information must have said -- I'm sure I have it here somewhere, but I didn't know I was going to have to lay all this out today -- that this was not an application to the loan that it was merely I'm looking for information.

So imagine my surprise when they did not collect my payment in December of '09, telling me that I was eligible for the trial.

All of these things that you just discussed with the attorney regards to the internal information about these loans

were never given to anybody as far as I know. I certainly didn't get any of it. If anyone told me in advance that this would be what I would end up in, I would have hung up the phone on them after thanking them very much, no thank you.

THE COURT: Well, you still wound up with --

MS. BIANCAVILLA: But -- yeah, I didn't get the opportunity to do that. Because once they defaulted my loan and I called and I said, I'm sorry, I think there was a mistake, I don't know why you did not draft my December payment and I need to rectify that; but you're eligible for this, you know, modification. And we're going to move into it, and let's move quickly. And I'm like, well, I need documentation in order to be able to decide, you know, what the terms are before I, you know, move forward.

So they said well, you know, this is your opportunity. If you don't take it now, you know -- and I said, but I'm concerned about my late payment, and I can't fall behind on anything, because you know, as you can probably see from my financials, my situation is tight.

And so moving forward, that's what happened, and I ended up with -- I have submitted -- I'm sure you received also, a copy of the GMAC "what I needed to catch up with" so that I didn't get pushed into the step rate. They wanted 4,415 dollars over three months, of taking me through this trial thing, and then they told me that I was not eligible.

There was no way I had that kind of money. I was pretty much strong-armed into having to sign on to this step rate, because otherwise there would have been foreclosure.

THE COURT: Let me just stop you there. So I don't give anybody legal advice; let me make clear. But the HAMP program, which I've obviously dealt with a lot, when you say they wouldn't tell you what your payments would be until you provided financials --

MS. BIANCAVILLA: Oh, I did get by phone -- I'm sorry, by phone -- and not to interrupt -- and this is where I was going to start at, and I got on a different train. I was told by phone that it would be thirty-one percent of the income that I was reporting. And I was reporting income as I was advised by the representative by phone. And if you look at the log of phone calls and things, it's huge. I mean, I was constantly in contact with these people talking to someone on the phone.

If there was a record of everything that we discussed, it would be very time consuming. We discussed many points and many things, and I was upset about many points and many things. But what I got from this is that the HAMP trial payment was supposed to -- was supposed to be what -- would include the escrows, okay, and that my new fixed rate moving out of the trial into the permanent loan would be that amount, the 679 and change, or less. And then as things progressed, I was told that it was going to be thirty-one percent of what my reported

1	income was.
2	THE COURT: So
3	MS. BIANCAVILLA: And somewhere along the line
4	THE COURT: Ms. Biancavilla.
5	MS. BIANCAVILLA: somebody told me.
6	THE COURT: Ms. Biancavilla, just stop for a minute.
7	MS. BIANCAVILLA: Sure.
8	THE COURT: The HAMP program, which is a federal
9	program, is designed to reduce a borrower's principal and
10	interest payments
11	MS. BIANCAVILLA: Right.
12	THE COURT: to no greater than thirty-one percent
13	of their income. And what it does is it moves the written
14	mortgage whatever your existing mortgage was, down in
15	quarter-percent increments to see if it can get down to thirty-
16	one percent.
17	Now, there are floors and ceilings, and it can't
18	always be done, but okay? So
19	MS. BIANCAVILLA: All right.
20	THE COURT: what you're saying is that's not the
21	HAMP program was not a GMAC program. It was a federal
22	government program designed to try and help homeowners in
23	financial distress by reducing their mortgage payments. But it
24	covers principal and interest. What your taxes and your
25	insurance are, your taxes and insurance are. I mean, it

obviously varies.

MS. BIANCAVILLA: Right.

THE COURT: Okay. And then the formula gets more complicated because they have to determine, if they move you down to that point, is the net present value of the loan more than the foreclosure value. But we don't have to get -- that doesn't apply here. Okay? So but the issue about whether there are step increases or not -- and you heard my questions to Mr. Wishnew -- because the trial plan document which you signed, which is a contract, is certainly silent about whether there are step-ups or not.

MS. BIANCAVILLA: Right.

THE COURT: Mr. Wishnew points to the Exhibit K -- was it?

MR. WISHNEW: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Exhibit K in the supplement which is not a GMAC document, it's the HAMP document. It describes the Home Affordable Modification Program, supplemental directive 09-01 April 6, 2009. And all I can tell you is, there were constant updates of these HAMP guidelines, as the program evolved.

But Mr. Wishnew is pointing to, on page 9 of that document, what happens with the reduction in interest rates, and whether it increases after five years. So he answered my question with respect to whether under a HAMP permanent modification, whether there would be a step-up from the

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original -- the starting interest rate. And he points to the
 1
 2
    language what's under Step 2 on page 9 of the HAMP directive.
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Right.
 3
 4
             THE COURT: So --
 5
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yes.
 6
             THE COURT: -- I don't know whether you ever got that.
 7
    I'm not saying they had to give it to you.
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: No. No details -- no details on --
 8
 9
    this was given me before the process.
10
             THE COURT: Right.
11
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: So how do you say no to a process
12
    where you're being told this is good, you will be happy, this
13
    trial payment of 679 and change is the amount we're testing
14
    your ability to be able to pay over the next three months, and
    that's what's in the document I signed. It will include your
15
16
    escrows and there's --
17
             THE COURT: Well, the document -- stop, for a second.
    Because let me go back to the document. Bear with me a second,
18
19
    okay? Because this issue about the escrow payments is an
20
    important one, okay?
21
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yeah, it says it in there.
22
             THE COURT: Well, hold on. Let me --
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Okay. I'm looking at Exhibit A --
23
24
             THE COURT: Okay.
25
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: -- page 13.
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THE COURT: Okay. It says -- you're looking on --
 1
 2
    they have it attached as -- maybe in a couple places. But I'm
    looking at -- let me find -- there was another copy of it in
 3
 4
    here. Hold on, bear with me.
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yeah, it is in a couple of places.
 5
 6
    You're right.
 7
             THE COURT: Yeah, just bear with me. Okay?
 8
             Okay. Exhibit F to the supplement that the Trust
    submitted, it's signed by you on December 23, 2009. And in
 9
10
    paragraph 2 the loan --
11
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: The loan workout plan?
             THE COURT: -- workout plan.
12
13
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Um-hum.
14
             THE COURT: Mr. Wishnew it does say, "On or before
15
    each of the following dates, I will pay the Lender the amount
    set forth below," which includes payment for escrow items.
16
17
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: That's right.
18
             THE COURT: So what's your response to that? It does
    say that, Mr. Wishnew.
19
20
             MR. WISHNEW: You're right.
21
             THE COURT: And it says "including real estate taxes,
22
    insurance premiums and other fees." And Ms. Biancavilla says
23
    you sent her a letter -- not you obviously -- your client --
24
             MR. WISHNEW: Yes.
25
             THE COURT: -- sent a letter --
```

1 MR. WISHNEW: Yes. 2 THE COURT: -- telling her that her payments are 3 679.83 and that includes real estate taxes, insurance, and 4 other fees, if any. 5 MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum. 6 THE COURT: So she's right about that? 7 MR. WISHNEW: She's right that for the purposes of the trial plan, the trial plan included escrow amounts, Your Honor. 8 9 THE COURT: So but where -- when I look at paragraph 10 3, the modification --11 MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum. 12 THE COURT: -- I don't see anything -- I see that the 13 amounts may be adjusted: "The final amounts of unpaid interest 14 an any other delinquent amounts (except late charges) to be added to my loan balance, and after deducting from my loan 15 balance any remaining money held at the end of the Trial Period 16 17 under Section 2D above, the Lender will determine the new 18 payment amount." 19 It doesn't say anything about adding to it the escrow payments, does it? 20 21 MR. WISHNEW: One minute, Your Honor. Your Honor, 22 section -- I'll refer the Court to section 4B --23 THE COURT: Okay. 24 MR. WISHNEW: -- a little further down the page:

Additional Agreements. "I" -- and that would be the

borrower -- "agree to the following". Section B: "To comply, except to the extent that they are modified by this Plan, with all covenants, agreements, and requirements of Loan Documents, including my agreement to make all payments of taxes, insurance premiums, assessments, Escrow items, impounds, and all other payments, the amounts of which may change periodically over the term of my loan."

THE COURT: Okay, so let me ask you this. I think Ms. Biancavilla has an argument -- I'm not saying it's the winning argument, I'm not saying it's not the winning argument -- that okay, the 679.83 includes taxes and insurance escrow. Okay. And you're pointing to paragraph 4B which refers to the escrow items, and say the amount may change periodically over the term of my loan. Okay?

So I guess you'd have a good argument that to the extent that her tax payments and insurance increased from when this is signed, she's on the hook for that incremental increase, but not for the entire amount of the taxes and insurance.

So hypothetically, if her taxes started out as 2,000 dollars a year --

MR. WISHNEW: Right.

THE COURT: -- and increased to 2,500 dollars a year, you point to paragraph -- it would seem to me that she has the argument that reading paragraph 2 and paragraph 4B, she's on

the hook for that incremental amount. So if it increased 500 1 2 dollars a year, you divide it by twelve and that would -- that could be added to her monthly payments. But not the entire --3 4 how do you get to your argument that this contract permits you to add to the 679 the entire amount of taxes and insurance as 5 6 opposed to any adjustment, because taxes and insurance 7 increased? The hypothetical I gave you --MR. WISHNEW: Well --8 THE COURT: -- if the taxes and insurance 9 10 hypothetically increased 500 dollars a year --MR. WISHNEW: Sure. 11 12 THE COURT: -- okay, you've got the argument that 4B 13 says okay, that gets added on. 14 MR. WISHNEW: Right. THE COURT: But not the 2,000. 15 MR. WISHNEW: Well, see, I think -- I would read 4B 16 17 Your Honor, to say that she agrees to comply with the existing 18 obligation to make all payments of taxes, insurance, 19 assessments, escrow items, impounds and other payments, which 20 could change. So it's not that we are agreeing to say to cap a 21 number of set a number, and then say if it increases, well, 22 then you're responsible only for the increase. 23 The fact of the matter is, we were working with her to 24 modify principal and interest. We don't -- as the Court

recognized and as we argued in our papers, we don't control

these different categories of items. So we have control of 1 2 principal and interest, and that's what we agreed to modify. The underlying loan documents require her to pay taxes, 3 4 insurance premiums --5 THE COURT: But how do you reconcile that argument 6 with paragraph 2 --7 MR. WISHNEW: Well --THE COURT: -- which says -- stop -- that the trial 8 9 period payment includes payment for escrow items? 10 MR. WISHNEW: Well, I think you have to bifurcate the two, Your Honor. Paragraph 2 clearly sets forth a fixed 11 12 trial -- a fixed payment for the trial period. It then 13 distinguishes between the trial period and the permanent period. And so in 3 and 4 it says, okay, if you succeed with 14 15 trial, then you get the permanent. And then on -- and you have 16 the obligation to address these additional items. 17 So the idea is the trial payment was an estimate of essentially an all-in payment. And then assuming that she's 18 19 shown an ability to make that all-in payment, she would then get modded into a modified principal and interest amount, but 20 21 still have the existing -- but still maintain her existing 22 obligation to cover these additional items, which included 23 escrow. 24 THE COURT: Going to 4B, it says "to comply, except to

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the extent that they are modified by this plan."

1 MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum. 2 THE COURT: Okay. So paragraph 2, which says the 3 679.83 includes payment for escrow items. Why doesn't that 4 modify the plan? MR. WISHNEW: My argument would be, Your Honor, that 5 6 the paragraph 2 only modifies for the purposes of a trial 7 period. THE COURT: Where's it say that? 8 MR. WISHNEW: It's at -- well, it defines -- Your 9 10 Honor, in the second line of paragraph 2, it defines the three 11 itemized items as the "trial period payment". The trial period 12 payment -- and then I go to the second paragraph of section 2: 13 "The Trial Period Payment is an estimate of the payment that will be required under the modified loan terms, which will be 14 finalized in accordance with Section 3." 15 16 Section 3 then says --17 THE COURT: But you don't argue that the 679 had to be 18 adjusted because of the final amount of unpaid interest and any 19 other delinquent amounts after deducting my loan balance and 20 any remaining held at the end." So you haven't argued that 21 that language came into play? 22 You've essentially -- well, I mean, you haven't, have 23 you? 24 MR. WISHNEW: I don't believe so, Your Honor. 25

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THE COURT: Okay. Well, look, I think we've gotten as

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far as I can get to -- is there anything -- Ms. Biancavilla, is
 1
 2
    there anything you want to add now.
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: I don't even know where to go with
 3
    this. Because this is -- it's beyond me. That's why I like
 4
    fixed loans.
 5
             THE COURT: Yeah, I'm sure, but you know.
 6
 7
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yeah. I understand there's a lot of
    things going on here that attorneys have hard times working
 8
 9
    through. And so --
10
             THE COURT: So do judges.
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: I'm trying -- I see. And I
11
12
    appreciate all that you're doing in order to try to help me get
13
    to a place that makes sense.
14
             THE COURT: Look, here's what I want you both to do,
15
    okay. You need to go back and try to settle this again. And I
    don't force settlements, Ms. Biancavilla, okay, I don't; but
16
17
    let me just tell you what -- if you don't settle it, we're
18
    going to have a trial on damages. Where do you live?
19
             MR. WISHNEW: Pennsylvania.
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Me?
20
21
             THE COURT: Yes.
22
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: I live in the State of Pennsylvania.
23
             THE COURT: Okay, where in Pennsylvania are you?
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: I'm in the Harrisburg area, near
24
25
    Cumberland.
```

THE COURT: Okay, yeah. Okay. So look, if you can't settle it, we're going to have a trial on damages. The Trust has agreed -- I mean, having read all the papers, the only issue that's separating you and the trust is what your damages are. Whether they had to do it or not, they've acknowledged that once that trial plan was signed, they agree that's a contract. Whether it was right or wrong, they figure they've got to live by it, and you're entitled to the differential between what you'd pay under a permanent HAMP modification and what you were paying over with the non-HAMP modification.

They do make the point that if it's not settled -- and I think they're probably right about this -- they're going to seek to discount to present value, because they tried to calculate over the life of the loan, what the differential is. If it goes to trial, they're entitled to at least offer evidence of what the discounted amount would be, because 29,000 or 100,000 over twenty years, is not worth 100,000 dollars today. Okay? All right. But that's not before me today.

MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yes, so --

THE COURT: So just let me finish. Okay?

MS. BIANCAVILLA: I'm sorry.

THE COURT: So if it goes to trial, I'll set a date where I attempt to try to be convenient to you, because you're going to have to come to New York for it. We don't do trials

1	over the phone. You're going to have to offer your evidence of
2	your damage calculation. I think that we've identified today
3	some issues where I think you have a genuine dispute with the
4	trust. I think what you we'll have to see what the answer
5	is as to whether your escrow payments should or shouldn't be
6	included. I'm not deciding that today. I think I understand
7	better the arguments about it under the contract.
8	But Mr. Wishnew, I'm not trying to persuade you to
9	it's going to cost you more it's going to cost your client
10	more to try this case than I think you can settle this case
11	for.
12	MR. WISHNEW: I know I'm not supposed to disclose
13	I'm not going to get
14	THE COURT: I don't want to know the amount. Okay.
15	MR. WISHNEW: I'm just going to say it's greater than
16	what we're seeking to allow the claim at right now.
17	THE COURT: I'm sorry?
18	MR. WISHNEW: We made offers
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	MR. WISHNEW: to Ms. Biancavilla greater than what
21	we're talking about as an allowed claim.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. WISHNEW: So
24	THE COURT: Look
25	MR. WISHNEW: I don't know where to go.

```
THE COURT: -- Ms. Biancavilla --
 1
 2
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Um-hum. Yes.
             THE COURT: -- where we are at this point is that when
 3
 4
    I set a trial in these matters, I enter a scheduling order that
    requires each side to exchange their trial exhibits, whatever
 5
 6
    paper -- whatever exhibits you have that you want to introduce
 7
    at trial, you're going to be required to number them; each have
    a unique exhibit number. They'll have to give you their
 8
 9
    documents; you have to give them yours.
10
             We're going to set a trial date. I don't even think
    you want her deposition, do you, Mr. Wishnew? I mean, this is
11
12
    really --
13
             MR. WISHNEW: This is really, I think, just putting
14
    the evidence in, Your Honor.
             THE COURT: It is. And I'm going to set a --
15
16
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Is the --
17
             THE COURT: -- I'm going to set a trial date and
    you're going to have to come to New York. It seems to me, this
18
19
    is at most a half-day trial, because it's a pretty -- one, I've
20
    got to interpret the dispute about the contract, whether escrow
21
    payments are included or not included, and whether they're
22
    entitled to step-up in a HAMP modification. They point to the
    HAMP guidelines. You ought to look at that,
23
24
             Mr. Wishnew you ought to -- I know it's in your
25
    exhibit, but maybe you ought to -- you ought to have some more
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conversations with Ms. Biancavilla, send her that document
 1
 2
    again --
             MR. WISHNEW: Okay.
 3
 4
             THE COURT: -- okay -- so she can see what you're
 5
    pointing to as the authority for the Trust, even with a
    permanent HAMP modification, after five years, to step up the
 6
 7
    interest rate.
             After how many years was it stepped up here?
 8
             MR. WISHNEW: I think it was five, Your Honor.
 9
10
             THE COURT: Was it? Okay.
11
             MR. WISHNEW: Yeah.
12
             THE COURT: Look, you'll either settle it or not. And
13
    if you don't talk about a schedule, see if you can work out a
14
    scheduling order --
15
             MR. WISHNEW: Yeah.
             THE COURT: -- as to exchange of exhibits, and find
16
17
    out -- Ms. Biancavilla, do you work?
18
             MR. WISHNEW: Yes, Your Honor.
19
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yeah. And my schedule is not
    regular. It's different every week.
20
21
             THE COURT: Okay, well I want to -- within limits, I
22
    try to accommodate your schedule and my schedule, obviously.
23
    And you've obviously got to come from the Harrisburg area to
24
    New York for it. We don't do trials over the phone.
25
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Right.
```

THE COURT: And we'll -- talk to Mr. Wishnew about a 1 2 date that's the least inconvenient for you and that works with 3 the Court's schedule and with the Trust's counsel's schedule. MS. BIANCAVILLA: May I inject something here about 4 5 settlement? 6 THE COURT: Sure. Go ahead. 7 MS. BIANCAVILLA: Okay. We actually had a settlement on the table that I was okay with. The problem that I ran into 8 is that a question that I had asked was never answered until a 9 10 couple of weeks before we went into all of this. 11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MS. BIANCAVILLA: And I had stated, by e-mail, that I 13 didn't have enough time to deal with it at that time, because 14 there were other things going on, and I couldn't jump in right here, right now. 15 16 THE COURT: Okay. 17 MS. BIANCAVILLA: What I was asking of that last settlement amount is whether or not that would be a lump sum or 18 19 they were going to drag it out. THE COURT: Well, I'm not going to get -- because I 20 21 have to be the one, if it goes to trial, Ms. Biancavilla, I 22 can't get in the middle of your settlement talks. I want 23 you --24 MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yeah. 25 THE COURT: -- and Mr. Wishnew to have a discussion

and see whether you can come to a resolution. 1 MS. BIANCAVILLA: Right. 2 THE COURT: Mr. Wishnew, what I would ask is, within 3 4 two weeks, to send me a status report. 5 MR. WISHNEW: Okay. 6 THE COURT: And if you can't settle it, talk to Ms. 7 Biancavilla about a schedule, and we'll try and accommodate both sides for a date for trial. I think, looking at what I've 8 seen, this is probably like a half a day trial. 9 10 Realistically, Harrisburg is far enough away that you're probably going to have to stay overnight, either before 11 12 the trial or after the trial, so -- but talk to Mr. Wishnew; 13 see what you can work out. I hope you can resolve it. If you 14 can't, I mean, I'm here to decide disputes, but frequently the 15 best result is one both -- the best settlements are one that neither side is entirely happy with but it just makes the most 16 17 sense for both of them. Okay? 18 MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yeah. I'm sorry. I thought I had middle ground working with the 679 number because in the 19 calculations of the thirty-one percent of the amount that would 20 21 have been in the HAMP file of my income, as reported, it would 22 have been, like, 200 dollars less.

THE COURT: Let's -- I don't want to get into the --

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THE COURT: All right. Let's --

MS. BIANCAVILLA: And so --

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talk to Mr. Wishnew and -- or --
 1
 2
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yeah.
             THE COURT: -- or I don't know -- are you going to
 3
    have this discussion directly, Mr. Wishnew?
 4
             MR. WISHNEW: Yes, Your Honor.
 5
             THE COURT: Okay. All right. So get in touch with
 6
 7
    Ms. Biancavilla, see whether you can get it resolved, give me a
    status letter within two weeks. If not, get a schedule done.
 8
    You can get a date for trial from Deanna. It does seem to me
 9
10
    like a half a day. And see -- work with Ms. Biancavilla as to
    whether morning or afternoon is more convenient.
11
12
             How long is the drive from Harrisburg to -- or from
13
    where you are to New York?
14
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Me?
15
             THE COURT: Yes.
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: I haven't been there in a lot of
16
17
    years.
18
             THE COURT: Okay.
19
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: I know my car won't make it; I will
    have to rent a vehicle.
20
21
             THE COURT: Okay. Well, look, I -- Mr. Wishnew will
22
    talk to you about it, and I'm going to try and accommodate, but
23
    there are limits to what I can do on that, okay?
24
             MS. BIANCAVILLA: Yeah.
25
             THE COURT: Okay.
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1	MS. BIANCAVILLA: I appreciate your time today and
2	looking into details that I had no idea were even there.
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MS. BIANCAVILLA: So it's been a pleasure, and I want
5	to thank you for your generosity in allowing me to enter in on
6	the live line and at no cost.
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MS. BIANCAVILLA: So I appreciate that.
9	THE COURT: All right. Let's see; hopefully you'll
10	get it resolved. If not, we'll go ahead and try it. And I
11	think I have the papers that were filed for today's hearing.
12	It may be that the Trust and maybe you were going to want to
13	file something further. I've at least explored what issues I
14	see in interpreting the contract and computing damages, and
15	let's see where we get to.
16	Thanks very much, Ms. Biancavilla. Okay. You
17	don't
18	MS. BIANCAVILLA: Okay.
19	THE COURT: You can stay on the phone or not; it's up
20	to you. Okay? We're going to move onto another matter in this
21	case, okay?
22	MS. BIANCAVILLA: Okay. Thank you so much.
23	THE COURT: Thanks. Okay.
24	Kasparik.
25	MR. WISHNEW: Thank you, Your Honor. The last matter

on today's calendar is item six, on page 5, the Borrower Claims 1 2 Trust objection to proof of claim number 3695, filed on behalf of Rosalind Alexander-Kasparik. 3 THE COURT: Okay. Are they -- is anyone for Ms. 4 Kasparik on the phone? 5 6 MR. CATE: Good morning, Your Honor. Allan Cate on 7 behalf of claimant Rosalind Alexander-Kasparik. THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead, Mr. Wishnew. 8 9 MR. WISHNEW: Thank you, Your Honor. Your Honor, the 10 Borrower Claims Trust filed its objection at docket number 9465. Claimant filed their response at docket number 9464. 11 And we followed up with our reply at 9492. 12 13 Your Honor, this matter derives from a complaint which 14 was amended multiple times. It was filed against Freddie Mac and GMAC Mortgage in 2012. It's been the subject of multiple 15 16 [de-mu-ers] --17 THE COURT: Demurrers. MR. WISHNEW: -- demurrers. Two-and-a-half years and 18 I still can't get it right. 19 20 THE COURT: Yeah, you still can't get it right. 21 MR. WISHNEW: -- in the California courts, which 22 claimant participated in on each occasion. The claimant has 23 made multiple claims against both defendants, but has never

distinguished between the defendants. All allegations are

against "the defendants", being both Freddie Mac and GMAC

24

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Mortgage. So it's the Trust's position that the claimant's prosecution of the claim in the California courts -- I'm sorry -- that the claimant's prosecution of the claim in the bankruptcy court is nothing more than a duplication of prior court proceedings in which it fully participated.

Accordingly, the Borrowers Trust brings its objection to disallow and expunge the claim on the basis of collateral estoppel arising from a spring 2015 judgment in defendant's favor, and to the extent the Court does not agree with the collateral estoppel argument, also provides reasons why each substantive cause of action lacks merit and should be disallowed.

Claimant filed its reply, but its only argument was that a recent dismissal, at the end of 2015, of GMAC Mortgage, somehow precludes or does not allow for --

THE COURT: Well, it was vacated. The judgment was vacated.

MR. WISHNEW: Right, the judgment as to GMAC Mortgage was vacated. However, the claimant has misinterpreted the Borrowers Trust objection and, in our opinion, the objection, as filed, stands largely uncontested. The allegations in plaintiff's complaint are against both Freddie Mac and GMAC Mortgage, and as I mentioned, do not distinguish --

THE COURT: Actually, they weren't; they were against Ally, and the Severson firm, who appeared on behalf of GMAC, I

1	think, regularly footnoted that it was misnamed as Ally and it
2	was actually GMAC Mortgage.
3	MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor. I was actually
4	going to make that exact point. Yeah. So
5	THE COURT: You agree, I take it, that, despite the
6	caption, that GMAC Mortgage was a party to the California
7	litigation?
8	MR. WISHNEW: I do, absolutely, Your Honor.
9	So the fact of the matter is, is that the rulings in
10	favor of Freddie Mac, in the underlying California litigation,
11	apply equally in favor of GMAC Mortgage.
12	THE COURT: Well, let me drill down a little bit.
13	Okay. So the demurrers to the complaint first amended
14	complaint and second amended complaint were all sustained.
15	When the Court sustained the demurrer to the second amended
16	complaint
17	MR. WISHNEW: Yeah.
18	THE COURT: it was with prejudice as to all causes
19	of action, except leave to amend was granted to allege a
20	negligence claim and promissory estoppel claim, correct?
21	MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor, yes.
22	THE COURT: And that applied as to GMAC as well?
23	MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: Okay. And so Kasparik filed a third
25	amended complaint

1	MR. WISHNEW: Right.
2	THE COURT: which Freddie Mac alone demurred to?
3	MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: And the Court sustained the demurrer to
5	the third amended complaint, which has only two causes of
6	action: negligence and promissory estoppel.
7	MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum.
8	THE COURT: And the Court, initially, in its judgment,
9	applied it as to GMAC as well, correct?
10	MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: And then Kasparik moved to vacate the
12	judgment as to GMAC because it hadn't filed a demurrer,
13	correct?
14	MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: And the Court vacated the judgment as to
16	GMAC.
17	MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum.
18	THE COURT: Correct?
19	MR. WISHNEW: Correct, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Okay. So one of the things you say in
21	your objection is you seem to and I want you to tell me
22	why that Kasparik's claim is limited to what was alleged in
23	the original complaint, not the first amended, second amended,
24	the third amended complaint. When I look at the proof of
25	claim

1	MR. WISHNEW: Right.
2	THE COURT: which is attached as Exhibit A to the
3	supplemental declaration of Ms. Lathrop
4	MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum.
5	THE COURT: under "basis for claim", it says,
6	"wrongful foreclosure", and it has a case number. And the case
7	number is the case that went through the complaint, first
8	amended complaint, second amended complaint, and then third
9	amended complaint.
10	MR. WISHNEW: Right, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: So it seemed to me that the Trust was on
12	notice, because it participated in the litigation
13	MR. WISHNEW: Right.
14	THE COURT: that the claim was what was in the
15	complaint, first amended complaint, second amended complaint,
16	third amended complaint.
17	MR. WISHNEW: Right.
18	THE COURT: So the third amended complaint, judgment
19	of which has been vacated as to GMAC, has this negligence and
20	promissory estoppel claim.
21	MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum.
22	THE COURT: And those survive. Do you agree or
23	disagree?
24	MR. WISHNEW: I agree.
25	THE COURT: Okay. What I don't have in your binder

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is -- at least I didn't see it -- is the Freddie Mac demurrer 1 2 to the third amended complaint. And I don't know whether there's a transcript or a minute order. The California state 3 4 courts -- Mr. Cates (sic throughout), I used to practice in California, so I'm familiar with the tentative ruling. I don't 5 6 know, was there -- maybe you can tell me, Mr. Cates, was there 7 a tentative ruling on the demurrer to the third amended 8 complaint? 9 MR. CATE: Yes, Your Honor. There was a detailed 10 tentative ruling, two pages, maybe, single-spaced, and it was 11 adopted as part of the order of dismissal --12 THE COURT: It's not --13 MR. CATE: -- and judgment and included in those 14 documents also. So --THE COURT: Well, Mr. Wishnew has it. Do you have any 15 objection to him showing me the tentative? 16 17 MR. CATE: No, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Why don't you bring that up here? 19 So where I'm -- look, here's what's going through my mind about this. The judgment dismissing all the causes of 20 21 action in the second amended complaint as anything other than 22 negligence and promissory estoppel, that's final. It was fully litigated, same issues, same parties, and it seems to me res 23 24 judicata, collateral estoppel is going to apply as to the 25 dismissal of all of the causes of action asserted in the second

amended complaint.

What remains are the two causes of action in the third amended complaint. And so then the issue for me becomes, on the merits, has the Trust properly argued that those claims should be expunged. It's essentially a motion-to-dismiss standard. Okay? And because I didn't have either the moving papers on -- you know, what I'd like to see is, okay, so you argue that the sustaining of the demurrer to the third amended complaint, without leave to amend, didn't apply as to GMAC. But I sure would like to see what the arguments were that Freddie Mac made, and what you made, Mr. Cates, and what the basis for the Court's ruling.

So let's stop for a minute. I'm going to read the tentative, okay?

(Pause)

THE COURT: Okay. I've read it, and I'm going to return it to Mr. Wishnew. What -- give me a second, Mr. Wishnew. Let's see if I can find this.

(Pause)

THE COURT: So Mr. Wishnew, what I'm looking at is the Trust's objection to the Kasparik claim. And what I'm not seeing is a legal argument why the negligence and promissory estoppel claims fail on the merits, why they should be expunged on the merits. You've got a twenty-five-page brief, but it doesn't seem to address that.

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I would note, for both parties, in the judge's decision sustaining the demurrer to the second amended complaint, in his discussion of breach of fiduciary duty -- and then of course he allows an amended to assert the two causes of action: negligence and promissory estoppel -- the judge distinguished one of Mr. Cate's arguments. And he cited Alvarez v. BAC Home Loans Servicing LP, 228 Cal.App 4th 941 (2014). And he says, in one sentence, he distinguishes it because it's a negligence case. So that's a negligence case. One of the things -- I didn't do exhaustive research, but I did see that in Garcia -- you may want to take a note of this -- in Garcia v. PNC Mortgage, 2015 WL 5461563, (N.D. Cal.), September 16, 2015, the district court, in its order granting the motion to dismiss -- it's District Judge Phyllis Hamilton in the Northern District -- has a discussion of the negligence claim, and notes that -- not notes; it's in the text.

I'll read it: "In the third cause of action, plaintiff alleges the claim for negligence based on PNC's handling of 'mortgage assistance and foreclosure prevention services' for his loan, including the handling of the loan modification application" -- applications, plural. "The dispute here is as to whether a loan servicer owes a duty of care to a borrower. There is a split of authority in the California Court of Appeal. See Lueras v. BAC Home Loans Servicing, LP, 221 Cal.App.4th 49, 67-78 (2013)(no duty of care); Alvarez v. Home

Loans Servicing, 228 Cal.App 4th 941, 945-950 (2014)(duty of care)." And what Judge Hamilton says is, "In the absence of some guidance from the Ninth Circuit, this court finds the reasoning in the Lucras decision to be more persuasive, and finds that a servicer, as any financial institution, owes no duty of care to a borrower in the provision of ordinary financial services such as loan modifications."

So my research wasn't necessarily exhaustive, but -- I didn't look at the promissory estoppel law, but -- so here's what I want from both sides. I want -- so look, Mr. Cates, I do conclude that res judicata and collateral estoppel apply to all of the causes of action which were dismissed on the merits by the California trial court, as to which no appeal was taken. And so you're blocked from pursuing any of those elements of the claim. But the negligence and promissory estoppel claim, because of the vacating of the judgment, remain live. And I'm going to consider them on the merits. And so I'm going to give -- how much time, Mr. Cates, do you want to submit a brief -- well, here's what we ought to do.

Mr. Wishnew, how much time do you want to submit a brief in support of dismissal of those claims, those two claims, on the merits?

MR. WISHNEW: Two weeks, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. And Mr. Cates, is two weeks enough, after you get that brief, to respond to the brief?

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ahead and deal with it.

MR. CATE: That's just fine, Your Honor.

2 THE COURT: Okay. So Mr. Wishnew, what I want you to 3 do is confirm a schedule with Mr. Cates, that two weeks/two 4 weeks is right. It seems to me you can have three business days to do a reply brief, if you want, after that. Put it in a 5 6 letter. The two of you agree on the schedule. Put it in a 7 letter to me. Put it on -- talk to Mr. Cates. Put it on the calendar for an omnibus hearing date. And I'm going to go 8 ahead and decide whether those claims -- the remaining claims 9 10 should be expunged. 11 So am I correct, Mr. Cates, that when the court 12 vacated the judgment it stayed the action, so the California 13 court is not anxious to go ahead and decide those two remaining 14 causes of action; is that a fair statement? 15 MR. CATE: Yes, Your Honor, the action is stayed. THE COURT: Okay. All right. So I'm going to go 16

And Mr. Wishnew, talk to Mr. Cates, finalize this briefing schedule. I'm sure you've got some omnibus hearing dates coming up. Talk to Mr. Cates.

Mr. Cates, I'll let you appear by telephone.

MR. CATE: I appreciate that, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: And what we're going to do is we're going to have a -- it's going to be a merits argument as to those two remaining causes of action.

1	And what I'd ask in the meantime, Mr. Wishnew
2	MR. WISHNEW: Um-hum.
3	THE COURT: before you even file the briefs
4	MR. WISHNEW: Yeah.
5	THE COURT: I would ask that you not you don't
6	have to well, go ahead and file it. I would like the
7	demurrer the Freddie Mac demurrer Mr. Cates, I assume he
8	filed an opposition to it, and the tentative that you showed
9	me. File them all together as a single with the exhibits to
10	a single pleading.
11	MR. WISHNEW: Okay.
12	THE COURT: All right?
13	MR. CATE: Yes, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Is there anything else that relates to the
15	sustaining of the demurrer to the third amended complaint,
16	other than the Freddie Mac brief, your brief, and the
17	tentative, that I ought to see? Obviously I have the judgment
18	and the vacating of the judgment.
19	MR. CATE: I don't think so, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Okay. All right. I just all right, so
21	Mr. Wishnew's going to put that together and obviously serve
22	you with a copy of it. Okay? Don't wait for your brief I
23	want to see that even before I get the briefs from both sides.
24	MR. WISHNEW: All right.
25	THE COURT: Okay? All right.
	1

1	MR. CATE: Very good.
2	THE COURT: So I'm not going to enter a written order
3	today, but I'm so-ordering the transcript; I'm sustaining the
4	Trust's objection to all causes of action other than negligence
5	and promissory estoppel, on the basis of res judicata and
6	collateral estoppel. The California judgment is final as to
7	those other causes of action.
8	Okay. Anything else you want to add, Mr. Cates?
9	MR. CATE: No, Your Honor. That's all. Thank you.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Wishnew, anything you want to
11	add on this?
12	MR. WISHNEW: That's it for Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: Okay. Is that it for today?
14	MR. WISHNEW: That's it.
15	THE COURT: Thank you very much.
16	MR. WISHNEW: Thank you.
17	THE COURT: When's our next hearing? Well, we've got
18	a trial next week.
19	MR. WISHNEW: We have a very brief hearing Monday, a
20	second trial Tuesday, a status conference later in the week,
21	and then I think we're back on the omnibus mid-February
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. WISHNEW: but there's also a trial February
24	9th.
25	THE COURT: Okay. Thanks very much. All right, we're

RESIDENTIAL CAPITAL, LLC, ET AL. adjourned. MR. WISHNEW: Thank you, Your Honor. (Whereupon these proceedings were concluded at 11:13 AM) eScribers, LLC | (973) 406-2250 operations@escribers.net | www.escribers.net

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